CONTROLLING HEALTH HAZARDS WHEN WORKING WITH TUBALL[™]: QUESTIONS to ASK BEFORE STARTING

Here are some questions you should ask yourself before starting work with nanomaterials	Here are some options you can use to reduce exposure to TUBALL [™] in t	he workplace –	
FORM Have you done a job hazard analysis? What is the physical form of the nanomaterial? How much are you using? Can you reduce exposure to the nanomaterial by changing its form (creating a suspension) or by reducing the amount used in each batch?	CONTROL BAND 4	CONTROL BAN	
	DRY POWDER	SUSPEN	
	See the Appendix I flowchart and Appendix IV in the SH&U guideling		
WORK ACTIVITY How are you using TUBALL [™] ? Could your work activity cause exposure? Is the likelihood of exposure low or high? Can you change the way to do the activity to reduce the exposure?	 Applies to dry TUBALL[™] powder: High potential for exposure: dumping bags of TUBALL[™] powder, manual bagging/transferring or sieving Lower potential for exposure: scooping/weighing of TUBALL[™] powder 	Applies to - Higher pote producing a - Lower poten blender clea	
ENGINEERING CONTROLS Based on the form and work activity, which engineering controls will be effective? What are the key design and operational requirements for the control? How does the non-nanomaterial base material or liquid affect exposure?	Applies to dry TUBALL [™] powder: Are exposure monitoring studies available? YES - Follow Good Practice NO - Could TUBALL [™] nanoparticles become airborne deliberately? YES - Control type D is applicable NO - Could TUBALL [™] nanoparticles become airborne inadvertently? NO - Follow Good Practice YES - Control type D or C are applicable	Applies to Are exposure YES - Follow NO - Could an NO - Fol YES - Int NO	
ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS	Applies to TUBALL [™] powder and TUBALL [™] sug		
Have you considered the role of administrative controls? Have you set up a plan for waste management? Have you considered what to do in the event of a spill or how you will maintain your equipment and machinery?	 Establish an Exposure Control Plan and a Risk Assessment! Store material in sealed containers/bags (double contained) Use absorbent paper/sticky mats Use SOPs to ensure good practices Follow rules of good housekeeping 	- Carry out fre - Using a spec to NM possib - Use sealed/o - Clearly label	
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT If the measures above do not effectively control the hazard, what PPE can be used? Have you also considered PPE for the non-nanomaterial base material or liquid?	 Applies to dry TUBALL[™] powder: Full nonwoven coverall and hood P3 respirator type or for US a APF50 type of respirator - see the table in Appendix V Double gloves (nitrile - or NBR rubber) Disposable over-booties for shoes Close-fitting safety glasses Long trousers (no cuffs) 	For all mix Section 8 of th	
WASTE & DISPOSAL	Disposal of any waste containing TUBALL [™] should follow and comply with including those that are not specific to nanomaterials. See the SH&U guid		
Spill kit	- Evacuate employees from an area with accidental release or spill of TUBALL™ - Use tested and certified vacuum equipment	- Dry sweepin - Use tested a - HEPA vacuur	
	Recommended PPE for TUBALL[™] spill clean-up: - Safety goggles - Nitrile gloves - Nonwoven lab coat or coverall	 A sticky mat A respirator type of respi 	
	All residues resulting from the clean-up of a spill or accidenta and materials) should be treated as hazardous waste	al release (inc	

HS&E Department, OCSiAl Europe S.a.r.l. See 'SH&U guideline for TUBALL™ for more specific details at www.tuball.com

- these options correspond with the questions on the left

and 2–3 NDED IN LIQUID	CONTROL BAND 1 PHYSICALLY BOUND/ENCAPSULATED (typically the lowest potential for exposure)		CONTRO	
line for TUBALL [™] for general information		fective	Capt idea	
to TUBALL[™] suspended in liquids: tential for exposure: Spraying, open-top sonication, a mist	Applies to physically bound/encapsulated TUBALL [™] : - Higher potential for exposure: Cutting, grinding, sanding, drilling, abrasive blasting, thermal release	least eff	filtra filtra if rec worł	
ential for exposure: liquid spillage cleaning, eaning, pipetting small amounts, brushing	 Lower potential for exposure: use of solid TUBALL[™] MATRIX products, manual cutting and sanding polymer nanocomposites, painting/coating with a roller or brush 	B	Parti HEP. recir	
to TUBALL [™] suspended in liquids: re monitoring studies available? w Good Practice an aerosol be produced? Follow Good Practice Intentionally?	Applies to physically bound/encapsulated TUBALL [™] : Are exposure monitoring studies available? YES - Follow Good Practice NO - Perform an exposure monitoring study OR:	t effective	work Parti or U and to a	
NO - Control types B or C are applicable YES - Control type C is applicable	- Control type B is applicable IF there is high potential for exposure	som 🗖	Full or U and	
uspended in liquids:	Applies to physically bound/encapsulated TUBALL [™] :		plac	
frequent training for employees becific sign/pictogram, e.g. 'Risk of exposure sible at the work area', is recommended d/closed containers and secondary containment bel all containers with any TUBALL [™] inside	Follow Good Practice			
ixtures involving IOBALL, the precautions acc	cording to the Safety Data Sheet should be followed			
t the SUS is relevant only	- Lower potential for exposure: Section 8 of SDS is relevant only			
	 High potential for exposure: Lab coat P2 respirator type if potential for dust - see the table in Appendix V 			

all applicable local, regional and national waste regulations,

deline for TUBALL[™] for precautionary measures.

- ng should be avoided
- and certified vacuum equipment
- Im cleaners with minimum H14 filters are most effective t – daily new
- such as a dust mask (filter P3) type or for US a APF50 irator

cluding filters, wipes, absorbent mats

Applies to physically bound/encapsulated TUBALL[™]:

• NBR (nitrile rubber) gloves or cotton gloves treated with solid bound material

Follow Good Practice

Safety glasses



OL TYPES

uring and receiving hood, y discharged to a safe outside. HEPA or ULPA+ on to be used rculated back to the place.

Il enclosure with or ULPA+ filtration with culation to the olace.

al enclosure with HEPA LPA+ filtration discharged safe place outside.

enclosure with HEPA LPA+ filtration discharged to a safe e outside.